# Science & Development Forum Accelerating Research in Georgia

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# Managing research at a national level and in universities

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## Agenda

- Managing research at a national level
- Managing research in universities

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# **Global context**

- Research is more interdisciplinary and more international
- Traditional discipline structures in universities do not map onto new research programmes
- International funders encourage multi-institution bids
- New funding patterns bring academics together across international boundaries
- Nationally need to measure <u>efficiency</u> and <u>quality</u> in individual subject areas





Citations per unit GERD, 2008-2012

## Quality: article share and FWCI, 2008-12

FWCI = Field Weighted Citation Index = ratio of citations actually received and the number which would be expected based on the average of the subject field



# Quality: measured by subject e.g. UK REF (RAE) across a nation's universities

- REF is a process of expert, peer review
- Each university submits in 36 subject units
- Submissions are assessed by an expert sub-panel for each unit, working under the guidance of four main panels
- Sub-panels apply criteria to produce an overall quality profile for each submission
- It is expensive and labour intensive BUT it is "owned" (administered) by the academics – "peer review"

Managing research at a national level

# **After diagnosis – what is the treatment?**

# What do we do with this information and ...

# how do we take the academics with us?

# Managing research at a national level

- Use peer review <u>and</u> an evidence base together to make judgements about strengths and weaknesses
- <u>Focus</u> on strengths
- Identify the areas of quality: <u>invest</u> in them
- <u>Divest</u> too !
- Encourage inter-disciplinarity through structures and funding calls
- Encourage <u>collaboration</u>
- Reward young academics (not by \$\$ but by e.g. shared PhD students etc etc)
- <u>Celebrate</u> ... <u>communicate</u>
- Involve academics (and young ones)

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# How does this national strategy get delivered within universities?

The job of a university leader is to

- understand what is going on in their university (what is high quality, efficient)
- decide where they want to grow and shrink
- encourage changes in behaviour such as collaboration and mobility – mobility increases funding
- incentivise behaviours to achieve desired outcomes
- benchmark progress
- support academics

### **Internal tools: Imperial's Research Dashboard**



The chart shows the difference in success rates by department between 2008/09 and the previous 3-year average. Change Faculty by selecting a different option on the dropdown list or the department of the top of the pacifies The chart shows the difference in success rates by funder group between 2008/09 and the previous 3-year average. Change Faculty by selecting a different option on the dropdown list on the dashboard prompt at the top of the section. Source: *info*:

#### Faculty Submission Volumes

Select Analysis Type Change in Requested 💙



The chart displays the difference in total requested value between the projected current year total and the previous 3-year average. Source: InfoEd

#### Faculty Submission Volumes



The graph displays the requested amount for the previous three-year average, the previous financial year total, the amount at this point in the previous financial year, the current financial year to date and the linear projected total for the current year. Source: InfoEd

#### Faculty Award Volumes



The graph displays the awarded amount for the previous three-year average, the previous financial year total, the amount at this point in the previous financial year, the current financial year to date and the linear projected total for the current year. Source: GMS

#### Departmental Submission Volumes



Change in Requested Value

The chart displays the difference in total requested value between the projected current year total and the previous 3-year average. Source: InfoEd

# Now there are commercial harvesting systems e.g.

Pure



# **Collaboration works: quality of output (measured by FWCI) correlated with international collaboration**



INTERNATIONAL CO-AUTHORSHIP SHARE

Correlation between international co-authorship share and field-weighted citation impact of internationally coauthored articles, 2008



"My Rector is going to China; who do our academics collaborate with there and how can we expand?"



Drill into the Google map to identity your collaboration partners in China

## **International research partnerships**

Cambridge research initiative example: Energy, Academic Collaborators in Asia-Pacific



#### Top Asia-Pacific institutions collaborating with Cambridge in Energy, based on co-authorship

Institution	Co-authored publications 🝸	Co-authors at the University of Cambridge	Co-authors at the other institution
Tsinghua University	8 🔺	14 🔺	21 🔺
University of Sydney	б	11 🔺	8 🔻
National University of Singapore	5	14 🔺	7 💌
Peking University	4 🔺	2 🔺	4 🔺
University of Tokyo	4 🔻	4 🔻	3 🔻
Monash University	3 🔺	2 🔺	1 🔺
Graduate University of Chinese Academy of Sciences	3 🔺	2 🔺	2 🔺
Huazhong University of Science and Technology	3 🔺	8 🔺	9 🔺
Tianjin University	3 🔺	9 🔺	6 🔺
CAS - Changchun Institute of Applied Chemistry	3	6	3
CAS - Shenyang Institute of Applied Ecology	3 🔺	2 🔺	5 🔺
Indian Institute of Science Bangalore	3 🔺	6 🔺	3 🔺
Hokkaido University	3 🔻	3 🔻	5 🔻

Top Asia-Pacific institutions <u>not</u> collaborating with Cambridge in Energy, based on authorship

Institution	Publications 7	Authors
China University of Petroleum	4,497 🔺	5,174 🔺
SINOPEC	2,816 🔺	4,187 🔺
Xi'an Jiaotong University	2,346 🔺	2,584 🔺
Zhejiang University	2,307 🔺	2,826 🔺
China University of Mining And Technology	1,935 🔺	2,973 🔺
Japan Atomic Energy Agency	1,837 🔺	1,637 🔺
Harbin Engineering University	1,588 🔺	2,131 🔺
Wuhan University	1,450 🔻	1,871 🔻
Dalian University of Technology	1,423 🔺	1,980 🔺
Korea Atomic Energy Research Institute	1,361 🔻	1,256 🔻
Shandong University	1,244 🔺	1,568 🔺
University of Science and Technology of China	1,188 ▲	1,773 🔺

Source: SciVal

# Mobility works: international mobility of UK researchers 1996-2012



# **Benchmark progress**



Central Funds, Infrastructure, Equipment and Knowledge Transfer awards are excluded.

# **Benchmark progress**



The graph displays the success rate (value awarded compared to value requested) per year, according to decision date. Please note that the Research Councils do not all publish the same figures, hence the variety of years displayed per funder. Also note that no drilldown information is available for these figures as the Research Councils do not publish information about individual submissions that were not funded.

# **Benchmark progress**

#### Award Volumes by Research Theme



Malue 00/10

# With this evidence and information what can we do to improve?

Constantly examine, refresh and change strategy ...

- investment?
- disinvestment?
- promote activities which the evidence shows are successful
- know who are our competitors and collaborators
- support academics
- invest in the young (PhDs)
- involve academics in decision making & funding decisions
- create drivers which encourage change and improve productivity

# With this evidence and information what can we do to improve?

- understand changing external landscape of research
- recognise old models/structures & constantly review
- overcome resistance to change
- drive evidence-based decisions
- successful collaboration is between academics (not between universities)
- devolve, incentivise and empower academics
- the role of university leaders is to facilitate and support ... not to control

# Thank you

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Analytics reports: http://www.snowballmetrics.com/reports/